

# TRIAL HIGHER SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

#### DO NOT REMOVE PAPER FROM EXAMINATION ROOM

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2024

# **Mathematics Advanced**

Morning Session Monday, 12 August 2024

### General Instructions

- Reading time 10 minutes
- Working time 3 hours
- Write using black pen
- Calculators approved by NESA may be used
- A reference sheet is provided
- Use the Multiple-Choice Answer Sheet provided for Section I
- For questions in Section II, show relevant mathematical reasoning and/or calculations
- Write your Centre Number and Student Number at the top of this page

# Total marks: 100

### Section I – 10 marks (pages 2–7)

- Attempt Questions 1–10
- Allow about 15 minutes for this section

#### Section II - 90 marks (pages 8-35)

- Attempt Questions 11–32
- Allow about 2 hours and 45 minutes for this section.

#### Disclaimer

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## Section I

### 10 marks Attempt Questions 1–10 Allow about 15 minutes for this section

Use the Multiple-Choice Answer Sheet for Questions 1–10.

1 Consider the graph of y = 4x + 1.

What is the equation of the graph after it has been translated 2 units to the right?

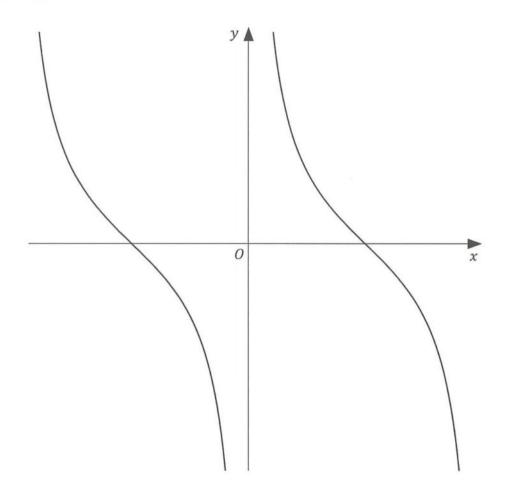
- A. y = 2x 7
- B. y = 2x + 9
- C. y = 4x 7
- D. y = 4x + 9
- 2 Giana and Maria run a painting business.

Giana paints  $1 \text{ m}^2$  of a wall in x minutes and Maria paints  $1 \text{ m}^2$  of a wall in y minutes.

Which expression represents the area of the wall they can paint in 1 hour if Giana and Maria worked together?

- A. x + y
- B.  $\frac{x+y}{60}$
- C.  $\frac{x+y}{xy}$
- D.  $60\left(\frac{x+y}{xy}\right)$

3 Consider the following graph of y = f(x) which crosses the horizontal axis at  $-\frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ .



Which of the following equations could represent y = f(x)?

- A.  $y = \cot(x)$
- B.  $y = \tan(x)$
- C.  $y = \sec(x)$
- D.  $y = \csc(x)$

4 The results of a class quiz are shown in the frequency table below.

| Result | Frequency |
|--------|-----------|
| 6      | 3         |
| 7      | 2         |
| 8      | 8         |
| 9      | 5         |
| 10     | 6         |

How many students had a result within one standard deviation of the mean?

- A. 8
- B. 13
- C. 15
- D. 21
- 5 Ali decides to invest \$500 at the end of each month into an annuity. The interest rate quoted is 9% per annum, compounded monthly.

Let  $A_n$  represent the future value of the annuity after n months.

Which recurrence relation models this financial situation?

A. 
$$A_n = A_{n-1} \times 1.0075 + 500, A_0 = 0$$

B. 
$$A_n = A_{n-1} \times 1.0075, A_0 = 500$$

C. 
$$A_n = A_{n-1} \times 1.09 + 500, A_0 = 0$$

D. 
$$A_n = A_{n-1} \times 1.09, A_0 = 500$$

6 The following cumulative frequency table shows heights of students at a school.

| Height (cm) | Cumulative frequency |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 131 – 140   | 70                   |
| 141 – 150   | 210                  |
| 151 – 160   | 420                  |
| 161 – 170   | 680                  |
| 171 – 180   | 800                  |

What is the height of a student in the 7th decile?

- A. 131 140 cm
- B. 151 160 cm
- C. 161 170 cm
- D. 171 180 cm

7 The strength of an earthquake is calculated using Richter's formula

$$M = \log_{10}(I),$$

where M is the magnitude of the earthquake and I is the intensity.

An earthquake with a magnitude of 5.4 was detected in the desert.

A second earthquake occurred in the same location a few years later and was measured to be twice as intense as the first earthquake.

What was the magnitude of the second earthquake?

- A.  $2 \times 10^{5.4}$
- B. 10<sup>5.4</sup>
- C. 10.8
- D. 5.7

8 Two independent events A and B are given such that P(A) = m and P(B) = m + 0.4.

It is known that  $P(A \cap B) = 0.21$ .

What is the value of  $P(A \cup B)$ ?

- A. 1
- B. 0.79
- C. 0.3
- D. 0.09
- 9 Let f(x) be a continuous and differentiable function for all real values of x.

The following facts are known.

- $\bullet \quad f'(-x) = f'(x)$
- $f'(x) \neq 0$
- f(0) = f''(0) = 0

Which of the following statements is always true?

- A. (0,0) is a point of inflection.
- B. f(x) is an odd function.
- C. f(x) is an even function.
- D. f(x) is neither even nor odd.

10 Let f(x) be an even function. It is given that  $\int_{-3}^{-1} f(x) dx = \frac{25}{6}.$ 

Which of the following equals  $\int_3^5 (f(2-x) + f(x-2)) dx$ ?

- A.  $-\frac{25}{3}$
- B. 0
- C.  $\frac{25}{3}$
- D.  $\frac{50}{3}$

## Section II

90 marks Attempt Questions 11–32 Allow about 2 hours and 45 minutes for this section

### Instructions

- Answer the questions in the spaces provided. These spaces provide guidance for the expected length of response.
- Your responses should include relevant mathematical reasoning and/or calculations.
- Extra writing space is provided on pages 36–39. If you use this space, clearly indicate which question you are answering.
- Extra writing booklets are available.

Section II begins on page 9

| Question 11 (2 marks)   |   |
|---|---|
| Solve the equation $5 - x = \frac{2x}{3}$ .   | 2 |
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| Question 12 (2 marks)   |   |
| Question 12 (2 marks)<br>Let $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x$ .   | 2 |
| Question 12 (2 marks)  Let $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x$ .  Use the definition $f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$ to find the derivative of $f(x)$ . | 2 |
| $Let f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x.$   | 2 |
| $Let f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x.$   | 2 |
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| Question 13 (2) | marks) |  |
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| Trish is planning a function. The cost per person to attend the function varies inversely with the number of people attending.          | 2 |
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| The cost per person is \$70 when 50 people attend.  |   |
| What is the cost per person if 125 people attend the function?  |   |
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| Question 14 (3 marks)   |   |
| Question 14 (5 marks)   |   |
| Consider the functions $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 3$ and $g(x) = x - 2$ .  | 3 |
|   | 3 |
| Consider the functions $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 3$ and $g(x) = x - 2$ .  | 3 |
| Consider the functions $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 3$ and $g(x) = x - 2$ .<br>Let $h(x) = f(g(x))$ .  | 3 |
| Consider the functions $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 3$ and $g(x) = x - 2$ .<br>Let $h(x) = f(g(x))$ .<br>Find the domain and range of $h(x)$ . | 3 |
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| Que | estion 15 (3 marks)  |   |
|-----|--|---|
| (a) | Find the derivative of the function $y = \tan(x^2)$ .                          | 1 |
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| (b) | By using an appropriate trigonometric identity, find $\int x \tan^2(x^2) dx$ . | 2 |
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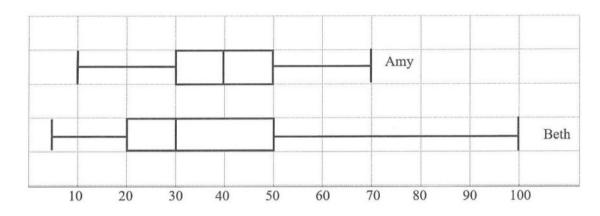
# Question 16 (3 marks)

Amy and Beth are members of a cricket team.

The parallel box-plot below summarises their batting scores for the season.

Compare the sets of scores by interpreting the summary statistics and the shape of the distributions.

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# Question 17 (3 marks)

| The weight of boxes of cereal that are produced in a factory are normally distributed with a mean of 650 grams and a standard deviation of 5 grams. | 3 |
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| Boxes of cereal are fit for sale if they weigh more than 640 grams.   |   |
| If the factory produces one million boxes, how many would you expect to be fit for sale?  |   |
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# Question 18 (4 marks)

The table below shows the monthly repayments on loans of various amounts over a number of different loan periods.

|           | Monthly repayment amount |       |       |  |  |
|-----------|--------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Principal | Loan period (years)      |       |       |  |  |
|           | 2                        | 5     | 7     |  |  |
| \$10 000  | \$480                    | \$228 | \$187 |  |  |
| \$20 000  | \$960                    | \$455 | \$374 |  |  |
| \$30 000  | \$1439                   | \$683 | \$561 |  |  |

| (a) | Spiro is borrowing \$30 000, to be repaid with monthly repayments over 5 years. | 2 |
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|     | How much interest will be paid on the loan?                                     |   |
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| (b) | Calculate the percentage flat rate of interest per annum on this loan.          | 2 |
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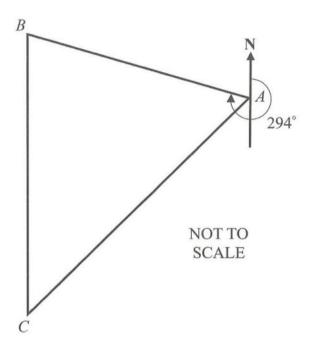
## Question 19 (5 marks)

A yacht race takes a triangular course. Yachts leave from A and travel on a bearing of 294° for 18 km to a buoy at B.

5

From B the yachts travel due south to another buoy at C.

The final leg of the race is on a bearing of  $030^{\circ}$  from C back to finish at A.



| what is the total length of the face, in knometres, correct to three significant rightes? |
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# Question 20 (3 marks)

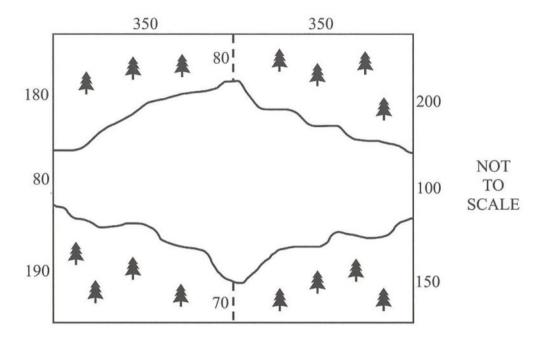
| Find the equation of the normal to the curve $y =$ | 70 1 |
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### Question 21 (4 marks)

A plane is flying through clouds to drop a water quality monitoring system onto a lake.

The lake is surrounded by forest as shown below, with all measurements in metres.

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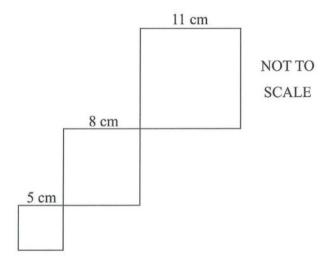


Estimate the probability that the plane will drop the monitoring system onto the lake.

Use the Trapezoidal rule in your calculations.

## Question 22 (5 marks).

A robot is programmed to draw a pattern consisting of squares in increasing sizes with no overlapping lines, as shown.



The side length of each square follows an arithmetic sequence. The first three squares have side lengths 5 cm, 8 cm and 11 cm respectively.

| (a) | What is the perimeter of the 24th square in this sequence?                         | 2 |
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| (b) | Find the total perimeter of all the squares after the robot draws the 24th square. | 1 |
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Question 22 continues on page 19

# Question 22 (continued)

| (c) | The amount of ink in the robot's pen can only draw up to a maximum of 12 000 cm. How many complete squares can the robot draw using the one pen? | 2 |
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**End of Question 22** 

### Question 23 (4 marks)

Steve produces videos on remote control cars and shares them on a YouTube channel.

4

The actual view times, in hours, on the YouTube channel over a 5-year period was recorded.

Steve suspects that the bivariate relationship between x and y is exponential. He decides to transform the data to make the relationship appear linear by finding the natural logarithm of the view times, and recording those values in the table shown.

| Year                  | 1    | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Transformed view time | 4.01 | 5.01 | 6.31 | 7.29 | 8.49 |

Let n represent the year and ln(t) represent the transformed view time.

| By finding the equation of the least-squares regression line of the transformed data, predict the actual view time on the YouTube channel in the 7th year. Give your answer correct to the nearest hour. |
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| Question | 24 | (9 | marks) |  |
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Consider the gradient function f'(x) = 3(x+3)(x-1).

The graph of y = f(x) passes through the point (2, -8).

| a) | Show that $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 9x - 10$ .   | 3 |
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| b) | Find the minimum and maximum values of $f(x)$ in the interval $-4 \le x \le 4$ .<br>You do not need to determine the nature of the stationary points. | 2 |
| b) |   | 2 |
| b) | You do not need to determine the nature of the stationary points.   | 2 |
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| b) | You do not need to determine the nature of the stationary points.   | 2 |

Question 24 continues on page 22

| Que | stion 24 (continued)   |   |
|-----|--|---|
| (c) | Show that a point of inflection exists at $(-1, 1)$ .  | 2 |
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| (d) | Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$ in the interval $-4 \le x \le 4$ , showing the locations of the endpoints, the stationary points and the point of inflection. | 2 |
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**End of Question 24** 

# Question 25 (4 marks)

The discrete random variable X has the probability distribution given in the table below.

| x      | 2   | 3 | 4 | 5   |
|--------|-----|---|---|-----|
| P(X=x) | 0.3 | а | b | 0.1 |

| (a) | Find the values of $\alpha$ and $b$ , given $\mu = 3.1$ .                | 2 |
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| (b) | Using the formula $Var(X) = E((X - \mu)^2)$ , find the variance of $X$ . | 2 |
| (b) | Using the formula $Var(X) = E((X - \mu)^2)$ , find the variance of $X$ . | 2 |
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| (b) |  | 2 |
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## Question 26 (6 marks)

An electric vehicle with an empty battery is being recharged. The capacity, C%, of the battery while charging at time t minutes may be modelled by the equation

$$C = 100(1 - 2^{-kt}).$$

The battery is charged to 35% capacity after 50 minutes.

| (a) | Show that the value of $k$ is 0.01243, correct to 4 significant figures.  | 2 |
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| (b) | battery reaches 90% capacity.   | 2 |
|     | For how long will the battery be on charge until it reaches 90% capacity? |   |
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Question 26 continues on page 25

# Question 26 (continued)

| By considering the first and second derivatives, describe the behaviour of $C$ for $t \ge 0$ if the battery is left on charge indefinitely. |
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**End of Question 26** 

# Question 27 (4 marks)

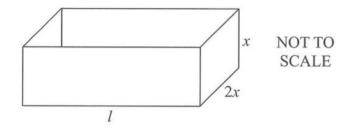
A continuous random variable, X, has the following probability density function.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{A}{\sqrt{3x+1}} & 1 \le x \le 5 \text{ (where } A > 0) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

| (a) | Show that the value of A is $\frac{3}{4}$ .                 | 2 |
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| (b) | Given that $P(X < c) = 3P(X > c)$ , find the value of $c$ . | 2 |
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## Question 28 (4 marks)

A factory produces boxes in the shape of rectangular prisms as shown below.



The length, height and width of the box are l cm, x cm and 2x cm respectively.

The factory uses  $k \text{ cm}^2$  of sheet metal to make the box, where k is a constant.

| (a) | Show that $l = \frac{k - 4x^2}{4x}$ , given that the box is open at the top. | 1 |
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Question 28 continues on page 28

# Question 28 (continued)

| b) | Hence find the maximum volume of the box that can be produced from a sheet of metal with an area of $1200 \text{ cm}^2$ . | 3 |
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**End of Question 28** 

### Question 29 (6 marks)

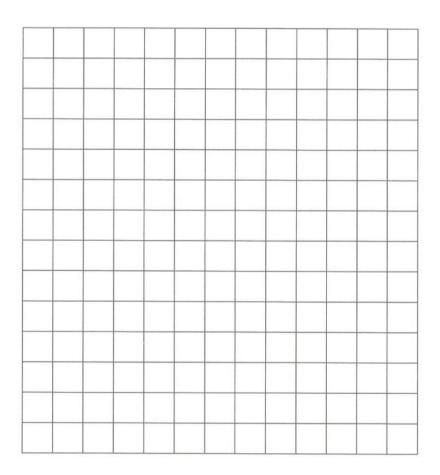
An astronomer is attempting to predict the height of a satellite above the ground as it orbits around the Earth. Using precise measurements, the height of the satellite can be modelled with the function

$$h(t) = 6\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t-15)\right) + 8,$$

where h(t) is the height of the satellite in thousands of kilometres at time t hours since midnight on any day of the year.

| (a) | Find the minimum and maximum heights reached by the satellite. | 1 |
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(b) On the grid below, sketch the graph of h(t) for  $0 \le t \le 24$ .



Question 29 continues on page 30

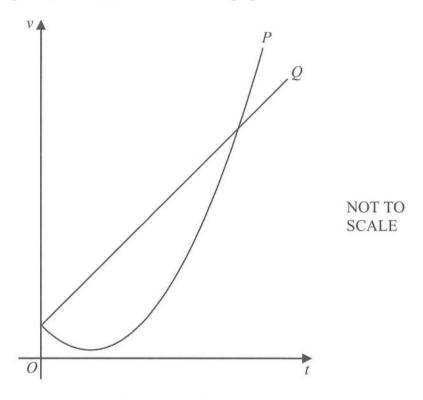
# Question 29 (continued)

| c) | The satellite is out of range if it is higher than 11 000 km above the ground.            | 3 |
|----|---|---|
|    | Use algebraic techniques to find how many hours in the day the satellite is out of range. |   |
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**End of Question 29** 

### Question 30 (5 marks)

The velocity of two racing cars, P and Q, are shown on the graph below.



The velocity of car P at time t seconds is given by the function

$$v_P = 3t^2 - 6t + 4,$$

where  $v_P$  is the velocity in metres per second.

The velocity of car Q is accelerating at a constant rate. Both cars start at the same point and have the same velocity at times t = 0 and t = 4

| (a) | Show that the equation for the velocity, $v_Q$ , of car Q is given by $v_Q = 6t + 4$ . | 2 |
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Question 30 continues on page 32

# Question 30 (continued)

| (b) | Both cars start the race from the same point.                                | 3 |
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|     | Find the earliest time when car $P$ will pass car $Q$ after the race starts. |   |
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**End of Question 30** 

| Question | 31 | (4 | marks) |
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| Let $f(x) = 1 - x + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} + \dots$ , where $0 < x < 1$ .     | 4 |
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| By considering $f'(x)$ , show that $f(a) - f(b) = \ln\left(\frac{1+b}{1+a}\right)$ . |   |
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# Question 32 (5 marks)

Let C be the circle with equation  $(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9$ , and  $\ell$  the line given by the equation y = x + d for some real constant d.

| SHOW  | that if 2 – : | 3 V 2 < u | ~ 2   3 | v 2, then | t merse | ces e ai e | racily two | points. |  |
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Question 32 continues on page 35

| (b) | Let A and B be the two points of intersection in part (a).  | 2 |
|-----|---|---|
|     | It is given that the distance between A and B is $2\sqrt{3}$ units.   |   |
|     | By determining the coordinates of $A$ and $B$ , find a possible value of $d$ , leaving your answer in exact form. |   |
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# **End of Examination**

| Section II extra writing space If you use this space, clearly indicate which question you are answering by writing the question number before beginning the response. |
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#### **EXAMINERS**

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